Product Name TDL Print Date: 1/5/15

Product Code: 06-391-12 Total pages: Page 1 of 6



1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: TDL

Product Code: Product Type: Aerosol

Product Use: Dry Film lubricant

Manufacturer: The Blaster Corp **Revision Date**: 1/05/2015

Address: 8500 Sweet Valley Dr. **Phone**: (216)-901-5800

Valley View, OH 44125 www.blastercorp.com

24 Hour Emergency telephone number: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

NOTE: The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. We provide this information as guidance for providing personal protection to your employees. The user has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. The user must meet all applicable safety and health standards. We provide this information as guidance for providing personal protection to your employees.

2.

Hazard Identification

Classification of substance or mixture:

Flammable Aerosols Category 1
Gas under pressure Compressed Gas

Skin Irritation Category 2, Specific target organ toxicity,

single exposure Category 3 Central nervous system,

Aspiration hazard Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 1

GHS Label elements:

Pictograms



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol

H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated

Hazard Statement(s)			
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol		
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated		
H280	Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways		
H315	Causes Skin irritation		
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life		
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with lasting effects		

Precautionary Statements:

smoking. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist vapors/spray P264 Wash thoroughly after handling	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist vapors/spray		smoking.
	P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling	P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist vapors/spray
T20 ! "Washthoroughly area handling.	P264	Washthoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P310 If Swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor	P301+P310	If Swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor
P304+P340 If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304+P340	If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P332+P352 If skin irritation occurs: wash with plenty of water and soap.	P332+P352	If skin irritation occurs: wash with plenty of water and soap.
P403+P233 Store in well ventilated place Keep container tightly closed.	P403+P233	Store in well ventilated place Keep container tightly closed.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Don not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F	P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Don not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional regulations.	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional regulations.

3. Composition Information on ingredients

Ingredients	CAS#	Percent	
n-Heptane	142-82-5	85-99%	
Toluene	108-88-3	0-2%	
Polytetrafluoroethylene	9002-84-0	1-5%	
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	.1-10 %	

4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Flush with warm water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. Remove any contaminated clothing and launder before reusing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove exposed individual to fresh air, protecting yourself. Restore breathing if necessary. Contact a physician.

Ingestion:

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

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Flash Point: Flash point of liquid portion < 30°F

Flammable limits in air, % by volume:

Upper: No Information
Lower: No Information

Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, halon, or foam is recommended. Water spray may be used to cool containers or structures. Halon may decompose into toxic materials and carbon dioxide will displace oxygen, take proper precautions when using these materials.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:

This material may be ignited by extreme heat, sparks, flames or other ignition sources (static electricity). Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas (sewers) or travel considerable distances. If containers are not cooled in a fire, they may rupture and ignite.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

At elevated temperatures (over 130F) aerosol container may burst, vent or rupture; use equipment or shielding to protect personnel. Cooling exposed containers with streams of water may be helpful. Emergency responders should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear other protective gear as conditions warrant. Keep unauthorized people out and try to contain spills or leaks if it can be done safely. Material will float on water, avoid spreading the fire.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Spill or Leak Instructions

Contain spill with dikes of soil or nonflammable absorbent to minimize contaminated area. Avoid run-off into storm sewers and ditches leading to waterways. If required, notify state and local authorities. Place leaking containers in well-ventilated area. Clean up small spills by using a nonflammable absorbent or flushing sparingly with water. Contain larger spills with nonflammable diking or absorbent. Clean up by vacuuming or sweeping.

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind; keep out of low areas. Assess the spill situation, as the spill may not evolve large amounts of hazardous airborne contaminants in many outdoor spill situations. It may be advisable in some cases to simply monitor the situation until spilled product is removed.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Store below 120°F in cool, dry area, out of direct sunlight and away from strong oxidizers. Do not puncture or burst. Use in accordance with good work place practices. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Decontaminate soiled clothing thoroughly before re-use. Destroy contaminated leather clothing.

Empty containers may contain residues from the product. Treat empty containers with the same precautions as the material last contained. Do not cut, weld or apply heat to empty containers Do not incinerate

Storage:

Store in a cool, dry area, away form heat or direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store with incompatible materials

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Protective Equipment:

Use synthetic gloves if necessary to prevent excessive skin contact. Do not wear contacts and

Protective Equipment:

Use synthetic gloves if necessary to prevent excessive skin contact. Do not wear contacts and always use ANSI approved safety glasses or splash shield.

Engineering Controls:

General or dilution ventilation is frequently sufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Use a NIOSH approved respirator if ventilation is not adequate to maintain exposures below TLV levels.

Respiratory Protection:

Use adequate ventilation to maintain exposure limits. If the exposure limits of the products or any of its components is exceeded, an approved organic vapor mask should be used (consult your safety equipment supplier). Above exposure levels an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or airline respirator with full face-piece is required

Other Suggested Equipment:

Eye wash station and emergency showers should be available. Spill containment equipment should be available.

Discretion Advised:

We. take no responsibility for determining what measures are required for personal protection in any specific application. The general information should be used with discretion.

xposure guidelines:

Ingredients	CAS#	Percent	Exposure Limits		
n-Heptane ppm	142-82-5	85-99	OSHA (TWA 4 00		
			ACGIH (TWA) 400 ppm		
Toluene (TWA) 200 ppm	108-88-3		1-2% OSHA		
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			ACGIH (TLV) 20 ppm		
Polytetrafluoroethylene	9002-84-0	1-5%	ACGIH (TLV) 10 mg/m3 Inhalable particles		
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	.1-10 %	OSHA (PEL) 5000 ppm ACGIH (TLV_TWA) 5000 ppm		

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point: NA Specific Gravity: <1
Vapor Density: >1(Air=1) Water Solubility: Negligible

Odor/Appearance: Clear mist as dispensed from aerosol can.

Evaporation Rate: Ether = 1 Slower

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Heat, spark, and open flame

Incompatibility: Strong-Oxidizing Agents

Hazardous Decomposition: Combustion will produce Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and

hydrocarbons..

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Component Toxicological Information:

Component Toxicological Information:

Acute oral toxicity

n-HEPTANE LD 50 Rat: 17g/kg toluene LD 50 Rat 2.6 7.5 g/kg Polytetrafluoroethylene LD50 >5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

n-HEPTANE LC 50 Rat: 65-103 g/m3 , 4 h Toluene LC 50 Rat: 8,000 ppm 49 g/m3 4h

Acute dermal toxicity

n-HEPTANE LD 50 Rabbit: 3400 mg/kg Toluene LD 50 Rabbit 14 g/kg

Information on Toxicological Effects of Components

n-Heptane

Reproductive Toxicity: No evidence of developmental toxicity was found in pregnant laboratory animals (rats and mice) exposed to high vapor concentrations of unleaded gasoline and petroleum naphthas via inhalation. A two-generation reproductive toxicity study of vapor recovery gasoline did not adversely affect reproductive function or offspring survival and development.

Toluene

Carcinogenicity: Exposure of rats and mice to toluene at concentrations ranging from 120-1200 ppm for two years did not demonstrate evidence of carcinogenicity. Toluene has not been listed as a carcinogen by IARC.

Target Organs: Epidemiology studies suggest that chronic occupational overexposure to toluene may damage color vision. Subchronic and chronic inhalation studies with toluene produced kidney and liver damage, hearing loss and central nervous system (brain) damage in laboratory animals. Intentional misuse by deliberate inhalation of high concentrations of toluene has

been shown to cause liver, kidney, and central nervous system damage, including hearing loss and visual disturbances. **Reproductive Toxicity:** Exposure to toluene during pregnancy has demonstrated limited evidence of developmental toxicity in laboratory animals. Decreased fetal body weight and increased skeletal variations in both inhalation and oral studies, but only at doses that were maternally toxic. No fetal toxicity was seen at doses that were not maternally toxic. Decreased sperm counts have been observed in male rats in the absence of a reduction in fertility. Toluene has been reported to cause mental or growth retardation in the children of solvent abusers who directly inhale toluene during pregnancy.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity: The acute toxicity in aquatic organisms is expected to be between 10 and 100 mg/L, based on component data. This material should be regarded as harmful to aquatic organisms, with the potential to cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and Degradability: Heptane is expected to biodegrade in soil based on 100% degradation after 4 and 25 days in screening tests using gasoline contaminated soil and activated sewage sludge, respectively. Based on 100% degradation within 25 days during aerobic biodegradation screening tests, heptane is expected to biodegrade in natural water.

13. Disposal Considerations

Do not puncture or burn containers. Give empty, leaking, or full containers to disposal service equipped to handle and dispose of aerosol (pressurized) containers. Dispose of spilled material in accordance with state and local regulations for waste that is non-hazardous by Federal definition. Note that this information applies to the material as manufactured; processing, use, or contamination may make this information inappropriate, inaccurate, or incomplete.

Note that this handling and disposal information may also apply to empty containers, liners and rinsate. State or local regulations or restrictions are complex and may differ from federal regulations. This information is intended as an aid to proper handling and disposal; the final responsibility for handling and disposal is with the owner of the waste. See Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties.

14. Transport Information

Aerosols (limited quantity), Class 2.1, ERG 126

AIR (IATA) Aerosols (limited quantity), Class 2.1, ERG 126, UN No. 1950 Vessel

AIR (IAIA) Aerosols (limited quantity), Class 2.1, ERG 126, UN No. 1950 Vessel

Aerosol (Limited Quantity), Class 2.1, UN No 1950

15. Regulatory Information

Environmental Regulations

SARA 302/304:

None

SARA 311/312:

Immediate (x) Delayed () Fire (x) Reactive () Sudden Release of Pressure (x)

Section 313

This product contains:

Toluene 1-4%

California Prop 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer.

BENZENE

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

BENZENE TOLUENE

All the chemicals used in this product are TSCA listed.

Check with your local regulators to be sure all local regulations are met.

16. Other Information

Hazard ratingsThis information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the NFPA and/or HMIS systems.

NFPA: Level 3 Aerosol

HMIS: Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 0

RATING: 4-EXTREME 3-HIGH 2-MODERATE 1-SLIGHT 0-INSIGNIFICANT

Note:

For industrial use only. The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. We make no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. Effects can be aggravated by other materials and/or this material may aggravate or add to the effects of other materials. This material may be released from gas, liquid, or solid materials made directly or indirectly from it. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards. Possession of an MSDS does not indicate that the possessor of the MSDS was a purchaser or user of the subject product.