

Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 02-Sept.-2014 Revision Date: 25-May-2015 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Coastal All Purpose Grease

Other means of identification

SDS # WUI-026

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Lubricating grease

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier AddressWarren Oil Company
915 E. Jefferson Ave.

West Memphis, AR 72301

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 1-800-428-9284

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (North America) 1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS product identifier: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.2100), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for

employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or

mixture:

Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: Injection under the skin can cause severe injury. Most damage occurs in the first few

hours. Initial symptoms may be minimal.

Precautionary statements

General: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May be harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of

children.

Prevention: Not applicable. **Response:** Not applicable.

Storage: Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified: Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Other means of identification: Lubricating grease

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first air measures

Eye Contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

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Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get Inhalation

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

Potential acute health effects

Skin Contact

Eye Contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin Contact: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial

symptoms may be minor.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion:

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye Contact: No specific data. No specific data. **Skin Contact:** Inhalation: No specific data. Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities

have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical:

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known. Hazardous thermal decomposition No specific data.

products:

Special protective actions for firefighters:

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

For emergency responders:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in

Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-

emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution

(sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated,

labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or

confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 11 for

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:

Advice on general occupational

hygiene:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating

areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Do not apply heat or flame to stockpiled material. Rotate stock to reduce the potential for hot spots. Do not store with oxidizers. Minimize dust creation by keeping material moist and/or covered.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

<u>Control parameters</u> Occupational exposure limits

None identified.

Appropriate engineering controls: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne

contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they

comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating,

smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

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are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in

industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Safety glasses with side shields. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases

or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times

when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a

risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the

selected respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Solid. [Smooth texture]

Color: Dark amber.
Odor: Mild petroleum odor.
pH Not available.

Boiling point: Not available.

Flash point: Open cup: >150°C (>302°F) [Estimated]

Evaporation point: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 7%

Vapor pressure: <0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density: >10 [Air = 1] Relative density: 0.91

Density Ibs/gal: Estimated 7.59 lbs/gal **Gravity, °API:** Estimated 24 @ 60 F

Solubility: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

NLGI Grade: 2

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under

US GHS Definition(s).

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

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Irritation/Corrosion

Skin:No additional informationEyes:No additional informationRespiratoryNo additional information

Sensitization

Skin: No additional information Respiratory: No additional information

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No additional information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Inhalation:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial

symptoms may be minor.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact:No specific data.Inhalation:No specific dataSkin contact:No specific dataIngestion:No specific data

Potential chronic health effects

General:

Carcinogenicity:

Mutagenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(Koc):

Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of

this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material

or runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA classification: D018

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	
Packing group	-	-	-	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Additional information	-	-	-	

Special precautions for user:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Transport in bulk according to Not available.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal regulations: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc Compounds; lead; Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric);

naphthalene; benzene; toluene; Ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene; benzene; toluene; Xylene; Ethylbenzene. This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R – Reporting requirements	Lead	7439-92-1	Trace

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.
New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: Zinc Compound Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Zinc Compound

California Prop. 65

Warning: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to

cause cancer.

Warning: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
toluene	<0.01	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 μg/day (ingestion)
ethylbenzene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
benzene	<0.001	Yes.	Yes.	6.4 µg/day (ingestion) 13 µg/day (inhalation)	24 μg/day (ingestion) 49 μg/day (inhalation)
Naphthalene	<0.0001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
Cumene	<0.0001	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.
Lead	Trace	Yes.	Yes.	15 μg/day (ingestion)	Yes.
Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	Trace	Yes.	Yes,	0.05 μg/day (inhalation)	4.1 μg/day (ingestion)

International regulations

International lists: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: At least one component is not listed.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

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Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

EU Inventory: At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in

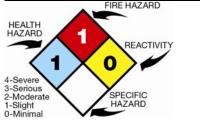
ELINCS.

Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

WHMIS (Canada): Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN=United Nations

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet