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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

| Trade name | : | Shell Omala S2 GX 320 |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|
| Product code | : | 001F1179 |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Use of the Substance/Mixture | Gear lubricant. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Uses advised against | This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier. |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Manufacturer/Supplier : | Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom |
|--|---|
| Telephone : Telefax : | (+44) 08007318888 |
| Email Contact for Safety Data : Sheet | If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com |
| 1.4 Emergency telephone number | er |

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

2.2 Label elements

| Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) | | |
|--|---|---|
| Hazard pictograms | : | No Hazard Symbol required |
| Signal word | : | No signal word |
| Hazard statements | : | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. |

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|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | criteria. ENVIRONMENTAI | health hazard under CLP L HAZARDS: nvironmental hazard |
| Precautionary statements | : Prevention: | No proputionany p | braaa |
| | Response: | No precautionary p | mases. |
| | Storage: | No precautionary p | bhrases. |
| | - | No precautionary p | bhrases. |
| | Disposal: | No precautionary p | bhrases. |

Safety data sheet available on request.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

| Chemical nature | : Highly refined mineral oils and additives. |
|-----------------|---|
| | The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- |
| | extract, according to IP346. |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first aid measured | es |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| General advice | : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. |
| If inhaled | : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. |
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| In case of skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing. Flus | |
| | water and follow by washing with soan If persistent irritation occurs, obtain n | |
| In case of eye contact | Flush eye with copious quantities of Remove contact lenses, if present ar rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain n | nd easy to do. Continue |
| If swallowed | : In general no treatment is necessary are swallowed, however, get medica | |
| 4.2 Most important symptoms a | nd effects, both acute and delayed | |
| Symptoms | Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sympton of black pustules and spots on the sk Ingestion may result in nausea, vomi | kin of exposed areas. |

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| Treatment | : Notes to doctor/physician: |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| | Treat symptomatically. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media | | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet. |
|---|-----|---|
| 5.2 Special hazards arising from | the | e substance or mixture |
| Specific hazards during firefighting | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | | |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | : 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |
| | 6.1.2 For emergency responders: |
| | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |

6.2 Environmental precautions

| Environmental precautions | : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. |
|---------------------------|---|
| | |

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| or other containment mater | an absorbent. |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Reclaim liquid directly or in | psorbent such as clay, sand or other |

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| General Precautions : | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 7.1 Precautions for safe handling | |
| Advice on safe handling : | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. |
| | |

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| | Properly dispose of any contaminated rag | as or cleaning | | |
| Product Transfer | : This material has the potential to be a sta Proper grounding and bonding procedure during all bulk transfer operations. | | | |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in | cluding any incompatibilities | | | |
| Other data | : Keep container tightly closed and in a coor place. Use properly labeled and closable | | | |
| | Store at ambient temperature. | | | |
| | Refer to section 15 for any additional spe covering the packaging and storage of thi | | | |
| | The storage of this product may be subject Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulati guidance may be obtained from the local agency office. | ions. Further | | |
| Packaging material | : Suitable material: For containers or conta steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. | iner linings, use mild | | |
| Container Advice | : Polyethylene containers should not be ex temperatures because of possible risk of | | | |
| 7.3 Specific end use(s) | 7.3 Specific end use(s) | | | |
| Specific use(s) | : Not applicable | | | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters | Basis |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Oil mist, mineral | | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values |

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general

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workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eve protection

: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eves, protective evewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

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|--------------------------|--|---|
| Remarks | : Where hand contact with the product gloves approved to relevant standar US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVC, re gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dexter from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a key care. Gloves must only be worn on gloves, hands should be washed ar Application of a non-perfumed mois | rds (e.g. Europe: EN374, materials may provide neoprene or nitrile rubber glove is dependent on of contact, chemical ity. Always seek advice gloves should be v element of effective hand clean hands. After using nd dried thoroughly. |
| | For continuous contact we recommon breakthrough time of more than 240 for > 480 minutes where suitable glu short-term/splash protection we recorrecognize that suitable gloves offerin may not be available and in this case time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and r | D minutes with preference oves can be identified. For ommend the same, but ing this level of protection se a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance ved. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is n of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm |
| Skin and body protection | Skin protection is not ordinarily required work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical | - |
| Respiratory protection | : No respiratory protection is ordinaril conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not maint concentrations to a level which is act health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meet Check with respiratory protective est Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask ar Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143. | nygiene practices, id breathing of material. ain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an hd filter. particulate/organic gases |
| Thermal hazards | : Not applicable | |
| Hygiene measures | : Exposure to this product should be | reduced as low as |

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| | reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials". | |
| Environmental exposu | re controls | |
| General advice | : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the relevant environmental protection lead contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent under being discharged to waste water. We treated in a municipal or industrial was before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for must be observed for the discharge or vapour. | gislation. Avoid following advice given in dissolved material from aste water should be aste water treatment plant or volatile substances |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | : Liquid at room temperature. |
|---|--|
| Colour | : brown |
| Odour | : Slight hydrocarbon |
| Odour Threshold | : Data not available |
| рН | : Not applicable |
| pour point | : -15 °CMethod: ISO 3016 |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : > 280 °Cestimated value(s) |
| Flash point | : 250 °C Method: ISO 2592 |
| Evaporation rate | : Data not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Data not available |
| Upper explosion limit | : Typical 10 %(V) |
| Lower explosion limit | : Typical 1 %(V) |
| Vapour pressure | : < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s) |
| Relative vapour density | : > 1estimated value(s) |
| Relative density | : 0.903 (15 °C) |
| | |

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| Density | : 903 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185 | |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : negligible | |
| Solubility in other solvents | : Data not available | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Pow: > 6(based on information on simi | lar products) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : > 320 °C | |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : Data not available | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : 320 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ISO 3104 | |
| | 25 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104 | |
| Explosive properties | : Not classified | |
| Oxidizing properties | : Data not available | |
| 9.2 Other information | | |
| Conductivity | : This material is not expected to be a st | atic accumulator. |

| Decomposition temperature | : Data not available |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
|---------------------------|----------------------|

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | | | |
| Conditions to avoid | : Extremes of temperature and direct s | unlight. | |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | | | |
| Materials to avoid | : Strong oxidising agents. | | |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | | | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Hazardous decomposition products a during normal storage. | re not expected to form | |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

| | Basis for assessment | : | Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). |
|-----|--|---|---|
| | Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion. |
| Αςι | ute toxicity | | |
| | Product: | | |
| | Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity: |

| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. |
|---------------------------|--|
| Acute dermal toxicity | : LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity: |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

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Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Highly refined mineral oil | No carcinogenicity classification. | | |

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

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Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

| Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment | : | This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : | This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. |
| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment | : | This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Basis for assessment Product: | : | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). |
|---|---|--|
| <u>rioddot.</u> | | |
| Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic | : | Remarks: Data not available |
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| toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms | : Remarks: Data not available | | | |
| (Acute toxicity) | Remarks: Data not available | | | |
| 12.2 Persistence and degradabili | 1 | | | |
| Product: | | | | |
| Biodegradability | : Remarks: Expected to be not a constituents are expected to b contains components that may | e inherently biodegradable, but | | |
| 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential | | | | |
| Product: | | | | |
| Bioaccumulation | : Remarks: Contains componen bioaccumulate. | its with the potential to | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on i | information on similar products) | | |
| 12.4 Mobility in soil | | | | |
| Product: | | | | |
| Mobility | : Remarks: Liquid under most e enters soil, it will adsorb to soi mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. | | | |
| 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as | essment | | | |
| Product: | | | | |
| Assessment | : This mixture does not contain substances that are assessed | | | |
| 12.6 Other adverse effects | | | | |
| Product: | | | | |
| Additional ecological information | expected to be released to air Not expected to have ozone d photochemical ozone creation potential. | epletion potential, potential or global warming ause physical fouling of aquatic cause any chronic effects to | | |
| | Mineral oil is not expected to c | | | |

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| 13.1 Waste treatment methods | |
|--|---|
| Product : | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses |
| | Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. |
| Contaminated packaging : | Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. |
| Local legislation Waste catalogue : | |
| | EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC): |
| Waste Code : | |
| | 13 02 05* |
| Remarks : | Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. |
| | Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.1 UN number | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ADR | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.2 Proper shipping name | |
| ADR | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| | |

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| Additional Information | : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea. |
|------------------------|---|
| Special precautions | : Not applicable |
| Product name | : Not applicable |
| Ship type | : Not applicable |
| Pollution category | . Not applicable |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| 15.1 Safety, health and environn | nental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture |
|---|---|
| REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV) | Subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH. |
| Volatile organic compounds | : 0 % |
| Other regulations | : Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine |
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| | Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Report and Dangerous Occurrences Regula Personal Protective Equipment Regu Protective Equipment at Work Regul Waste (England and Wales) Regulat Control of Major Accident Hazards R amended). Renewable Transport Fur (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Env (England and Wales) Regulations 20 (England and Wales) Regulations 20 Planning (Hazardous Substances) A regulations. The Environmental Prote Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulation | tions 1995 (as amended). lations 2002. Personal ations 1992. Hazardous ions 2005(as amended). legulations 1999 (as el Obligations Order 2007 vironmental Permitting 10 (as amended). Waste 11 (as amended). ct 1990 and associated ection (Controls on |

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

| EINECS | : | All components listed or polymer exempt. |
|--------|---|--|
| TSCA | : | All components listed. |

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

,

| Abbreviations and Acronyms | : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| | ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and | |

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|---------------------|--|---|
| | Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agen EINECS = The European Inventory Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Res IATA = International Maritime Dang INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test determination of polycyclic aromatic KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals In LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Interr Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Cont TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bio | of Existing Commercial w Chemical Substances n of Classification and search on Cancer association gerous Goods method N° 346 for the so DMSO-extractables wentory Loading/Inhibitory loading n for the Prevention of c Concentration / No - High Production Volume and Toxic emicals and Chemical ntration and Authorisation Of hational Carriage of |
| Further information | | |
| Other information | : No Exposure Scenario annex is atta sheet as it is a non-classified mixtur substances. | |
| | Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS product. Therefore, this SDS has be basis to pass on potentially relevant under Article 32. | en created on a voluntary |

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A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.