

1. Identification

| | | |
|---|--|----------------------|
| Product identifier | Liquid Wrench Lubricating Oil | |
| Other means of identification | | |
| SDS number | L212 | |
| Part No. | L212, L206 | |
| Tariff code | 3403.19.1000 | |
| Recommended use | Lubricant | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information | | |
| Manufacturer | | |
| Company name | RSC Chemical Solutions | |
| Address | 600 Radiator Road Indian Trail, NC 28079 United States | |
| Telephone | Customer Service: | (704) 821-7643 |
| | Technical: | (704) 684-1811 |
| Website | www.rscbrands.com | |
| E-mail | Not available. | |
| Emergency phone number | Emergency Telephone: | (303) 623-5716 |
| | Emergency Contact: | RMPDC (877-740-5015) |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Physical hazards | Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| | Germ cell mutagenicity | Category 1B |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1B |
| | Reproductive toxicity | Category 2 |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 3 |
| | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard | Category 3 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

| | |
|--|---|
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Combustible. |
| Supplemental information | 80.47% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 79.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic | | 64742-52-5 | 40 - < 50 |
| Stoddard Solvent | | 8052-41-3 | 20 - < 30 |
| 2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol | | 112-34-5 | 10 - < 20 |
| Low Odor Base Solvent | | 64742-47-8 | 10 - < 20 |
| Carbon Dioxide | | 124-38-9 | 1 - < 3 |
| Trimethylbenzene | | 25551-13-7 | 1 - < 3 |
| ETHYLBENZENE | | 100-41-4 | < 1 |
| BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- | | 98-82-8 | < 0.3 |
| Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic | | 64741-88-4 | < 0.3 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 5 - < 10 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|---|---|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| General fire hazards | Extremely flammable aerosol. Combustible. |

6. Accidental release measures

| | |
|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. |

7. Handling and storage

| | |
|---|--|
| Precautions for safe handling | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Level 3 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|--|-------|
| BENZENE, 1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8) | PEL | 245 mg/m ³ | |
| Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | PEL | 50 ppm 9000 mg/m ³ | |
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) | PEL | 5000 ppm 5 mg/m ³ | Mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4) | PEL | 2000 mg/m ³ 500 ppm 5 mg/m ³ | Mist. |
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | PEL | 2000 mg/m ³ 500 ppm 435 mg/m ³ | |
| Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) | PEL | 100 ppm 2900 mg/m ³ 500 ppm | |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5) | TWA | 10 ppm | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| BENZENE, 1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8) | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | STEL | 30000 ppm | |
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) | TWA | 5000 ppm 5 mg/m ³ | Inhalable fraction. |
| Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4) | TWA | 5 mg/m ³ | Inhalable fraction. |
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7) | TWA | 25 ppm | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|---|------|
| BENZENE, 1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8) | TWA | 245 mg/m ³ | |
| Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | STEL | 50 ppm 54000 mg/m ³ | |
| | TWA | 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m ³ 5000 ppm | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|---------|------------|-------|
| Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) | Ceiling | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | STEL | 10 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4) | Ceiling | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | STEL | 10 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | STEL | 545 mg/m3 | |
| | | 125 ppm | |
| | TWA | 435 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| Low Odor Base Solvent (CAS 64742-47-8) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | |
| Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) | Ceiling | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | TWA | 350 mg/m3 | |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|-----------------------------|----------|---|---------------------|---------------|
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | 0.15 g/g | Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid | Creatinine in urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Appearance | Opaque Liquid. |
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | Yellow |
| Odor | Sweet Vanilla |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | -94 °F (-70 °C) estimated |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 302 °F (150 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | 132.0 °F (55.6 °C) Tag Closed Cup |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 0.7 % estimated |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 6 % estimated |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 1.05 hPa estimated |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 410 °F (210 °C) estimated |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Density | 7.41 lbs/gal |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Flame extension | > 29 in |
| Flammability (flash back) | No |
| Flammability class | Combustible II estimated |
| Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B) | 32.08 kJ/g estimated |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| Percent volatile | 15.25 % estimated |
| Specific gravity | 0.89 |
| VOC (Weight %) | 23.32 % w/w |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|------------|---------|--------------|
|------------|---------|--------------|

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5)

Acute

Dermal

| | | |
|------|--------|------------|
| LD50 | Rabbit | 2700 mg/kg |
|------|--------|------------|

Oral

| | | |
|------|------------|------------|
| LD50 | Guinea pig | 2000 mg/kg |
| | Mouse | 2400 mg/kg |
| | Rabbit | 2200 mg/kg |
| | Rat | 4500 mg/kg |

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

Acute

Inhalation

| | | |
|------|-------|---|
| LC50 | Mouse | 2000 ppm, 7 Hours 24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours |
| | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 Hours |

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|------------|
| LD50 | Rat | 1400 mg/kg |
|------|-----|------------|

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

| | | |
|------|--------|-------------|
| LD50 | Rabbit | 17800 mg/kg |
|------|--------|-------------|

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|------------|
| LD50 | Rat | 3500 mg/kg |
|------|-----|------------|

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Acute

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|------------|
| LD50 | Rat | 8970 mg/kg |
|------|-----|------------|

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|---|---------|--|
| 2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 1300 mg/l, 96 hours |
| BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.) 3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 2.7 mg/l, 96 hours |
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Low Odor Base Solvent (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol 0.56
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- 3.66
ETHYLBENZENE 3.15
Stoddard Solvent 3.16 - 7.15

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

| | |
|--|---|
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. |

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.2 |
| Subsidiary risk | ORM-D |
| Label(s) | 2.2 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Packaging exceptions | 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | 302, 304 |
| Packaging bulk | 302, 314, 315 |

IATA

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | No |
| ERG Code | 2L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed. |

IMDG

| | |
|---|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No. |
| EmS | F-D, S-U |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | Not established. |



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

| | |
|---|---------|
| 2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5) | Listed. |
| BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) | Listed. |
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | Listed. |

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|
| 2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol | 112-34-5 | 10 - < 20 |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 100-41-4 | < 1 |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Low Odor Base Solvent (CAS 64742-47-8)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
Distillates (petroleum), Solvent-refined Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64741-88-4)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Low Odor Base Solvent (CAS 64742-47-8)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Low Odor Base Solvent (CAS 64742-47-8)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
Low Odor Base Solvent (CAS 64742-47-8)
Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-(2-butoxyéthoxy) Éthanol (CAS 112-34-5)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

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| BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) | Listed: April 6, 2010 |
| ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) | Listed: June 11, 2004 |

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | No |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

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|------------|------------|
| Issue date | 04-29-2015 |
| Version # | 01 |

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.